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## 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Syllabus

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- I. I Can Be A Scientist
  - a. What is a scientist? Finding out what students already know
  - b. Scientists make predictions and solve problems
    - i. Using patterns to make predictions
    - ii. Estimation
    - iii. Test a scientific prediction
  - c. Scientists use special tool
    - i. Use a hand lens to observe and describe the physical properties of an object
    - ii. Use a microscope to observe and describe the physical properties of an object
    - iii. Use of a thermometer to measure hot, room temperature and ice water
    - iv. Are big things always heavier? Using a scale to check predictions
    - v. Classify objects by physical properties
  - d. Scientists observe and measure change
    - i. Sun and shade plant experiment
    - ii. Predict and record changes in the living plant over time
  - e. Famous scientists
    - i. Read biographies of famous scientists
    - ii. Create poster presentation about a scientist
    - iii. Compare scientist lives and accomplishments
    - iv. Chart the areas of science covered by the scientists
    - v. Writing: How would our life be different without one invention
  - f. Assessment: What does a scientist do?
- II. Meet an Insect or Two
  - a. Who studies insects and what tools would they use?
  - b. Sort and categorize pictures of living and nonliving things
  - c. Identify the parts of an insect
    - i. Sort pictures
    - ii. Use a hand lens to observe insects and find common body parts
    - iii. What makes insects alike?
    - iv. Build an insect and illustrate its habitat
    - v. Assessment: label the parts
  - d. Observation of living insects
    - i. Record the stages of development of a butterfly
    - ii. Observe what an insect needs to survive
    - iii. Assessment: Draw the lifecycle of a butterfly
  - e. Insects are alike and different

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- i. Compare pictures of butterflies to notice things that are alike and things that are different
      - ii. Heredity of traits: Things of the same species are alike
    - f. Where do insects come from?
      - i. Fossil evidence of insects from long ago
      - ii. Living things reproduce more of their own kind
      - iii. Environment influences growth of insects
    - g. Assessment: Design an insect, label its parts, create its habitat, write about how it grows and changes during its life cycle
- III. The Very Important Sun and Its Energy
  - a. Who studies the sun and the sky and what tools would they use?
  - b. What is light? What do we know about light?
    - i. Light sources
    - ii. Light travels in straight lines
    - iii. Light can pass through some objects
    - iv. Light creates shadows
  - c. The moving earth
    - i. Why outdoor shadows move and change
    - ii. The earth's spinning gives us day and night
    - iii. The earth moves around the sun and gives us seasons
    - iv. Winter solstice – myths of the past
  - d. What is the sun?
    - i. Understanding the sun - video
    - ii. The sun is the closest star to earth
    - iii. The sun gives us heat and light energy
    - iv. Measuring the sun's heat energy in sun and shade
  - e. What else is in our sky?
    - i. An overview of the planets - research project
    - ii. What is a moon and who has one or more?
    - iii. Assessment: definitions of sun, moon and planets
  - f. Energy from the sun
    - i. Definition and energy video
    - ii. What do we get from the sun's light and heat energy?
    - iii. Plants need the sun's energy
    - iv. The food chain passes the sun's energy to us
  - g. Energy from other sources
    - i. What makes things work – a comparison of things and their energy source
    - ii. Build a pinwheel
    - iii. Build a waterwheel
  - h. Final assessment: Why couldn't we survive without the sun?

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- IV. Movement, Force, Energy and Work
  - a. Who studies physical properties of objects and what tools would they use?
  - b. It takes work to move an object
    - i. Move a round and a rectangular object and describe the ways it can be done
    - ii. Ramps, rolling and nonrolling objects
    - iii. Force: the power to move an object
    - iv. Tools to make movement easier: pulleys, levers, wheels and ramps
    - v. Design a movement system for a small object
  - c. Objects at rest
    - i. Balancing our bodies
    - ii. Balance an object on a finger
    - iii. Balance an object on a Popsicle stick
  - d. Changing the movement of an object
    - i. Spinning tops
    - ii. Rolling wheels
  - e. Final Assessment:
    - i. Build a system that includes balance, force and a change in direction
    - ii. Written assessment
  
- V. The Ocean: A Place of Wonder and Excitement
  - a. What do we know about the ocean?
  - b. Create an ocean habitat bulletin board
  - c. Who studies the ocean and what tools would they use?
  - d. Characteristics of sea creatures
    - i. What is a fish?
      - 1. Read about fish
      - 2. Label the parts of the fish
      - 3. Add fish to the bulletin board
    - ii. What is a mollusk?
      - 1. Read about mollusks
      - 2. Label the parts of the mollusk
      - 3. Add mollusks to the bulletin board
    - iii. What is a crustacean?
      - 1. Read about crustaceans
      - 2. Label the parts of the crustacean
      - 3. Add crustaceans to the bulletin board
    - iv. What is a mammal?
      - 1. Read about sea mammals
      - 2. Label the parts of the sea mammal
      - 3. Add sea mammals to the bulletin board
    - v. How are animals of the same species alike and different?
    - vi. How are animals of different species alike and different?

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- e. The ocean's food chain
  - i. What do fish, mollusks, crustaceans and mammals eat?
  - ii. Where do sea creatures get their energy?
  - iii. Create an ocean food chain
  - iv. What happens if one part of the food chain disappears?
- f. Protection of the environment
  - i. Pollution experiment
  - ii. Oil in water
  - iii. Effects of pollution on the ocean environment
  - iv. What can we do to save our ocean? Try a service project
- VI. Final Assessment
  - a. Write a book: If I Were a Scientist
    - i. What area would I study
    - ii. What tools would I need
    - iii. What problem would I work on
    - iv. How would I design my experiment